



X-Wakes

Modelling the future wind farm expansion - an application of X-Wakes results for area development planning

Martin Dörenkämper, Lukas Vollmer - Fraunhofer IWES Oldenburg

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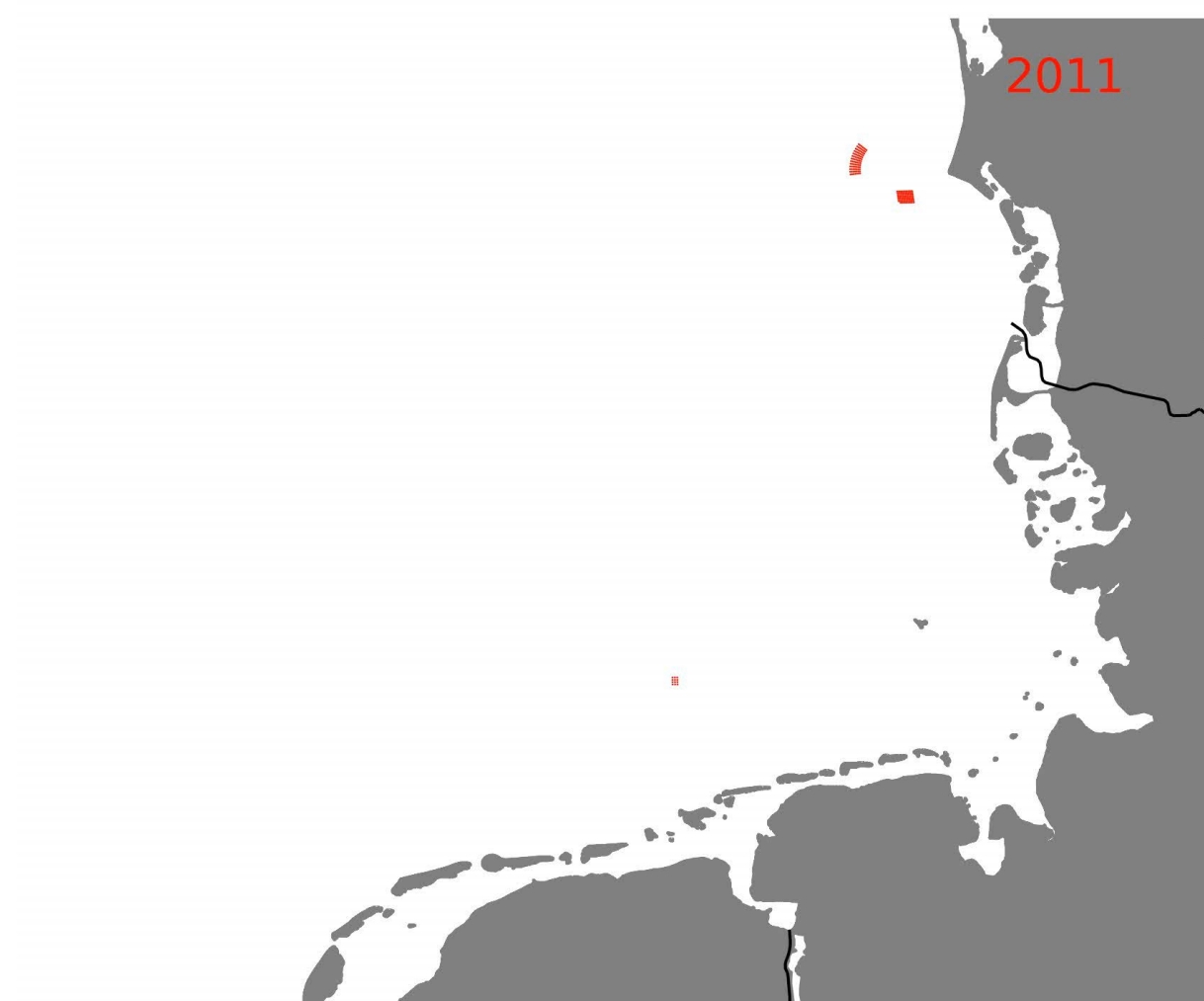


on the basis of a decision
by the German Bundestag

Motivation

Offshore Wind Energy in the German Bight

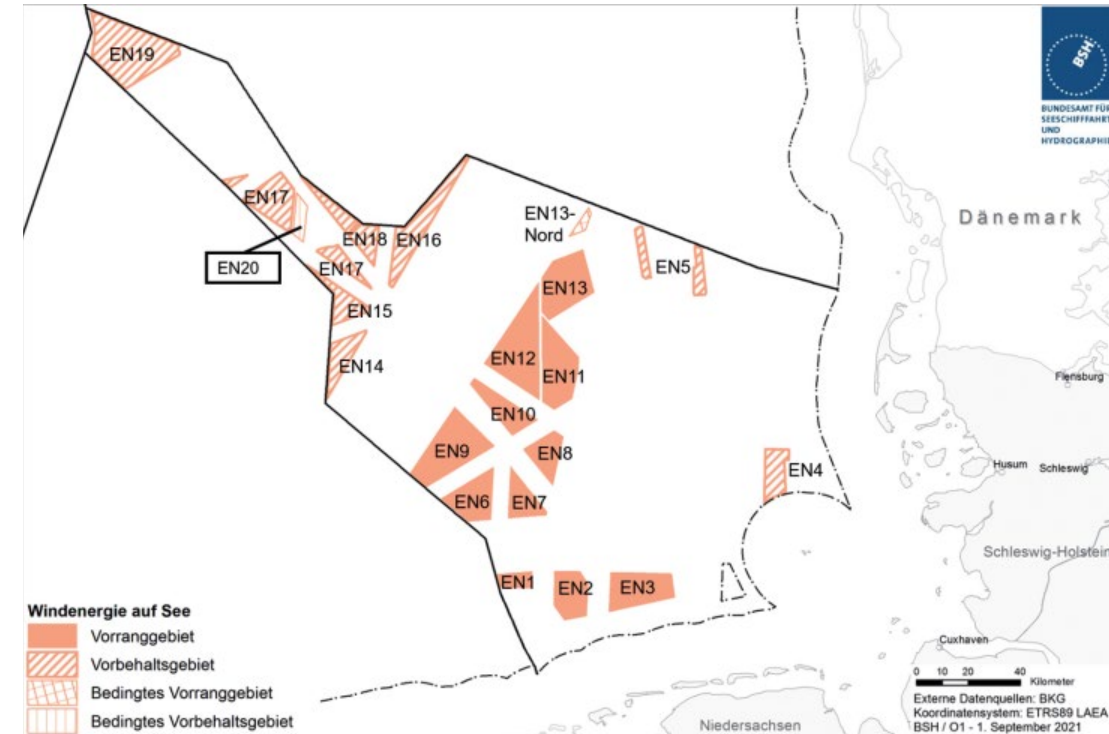
- Germany currently has second largest capacity of offshore wind farms connected to the grid
- Currently 7.7 GW out of which 6 GW are located in the German Bight



Motivation

Offshore Wind Energy in the German Bight

- Germany currently has second largest capacity of offshore wind farms connected to the grid
- Currently 7.7 GW out of which 6 GW are located in the German Bight
- Current long-term goals of the German government:
 - 2030 - 30 GW installed capacity
 - 2035 - 40 GW installed capacity
 - 2045 – 70 GW installed capacity
- One of the most densely areas of offshore wind globally



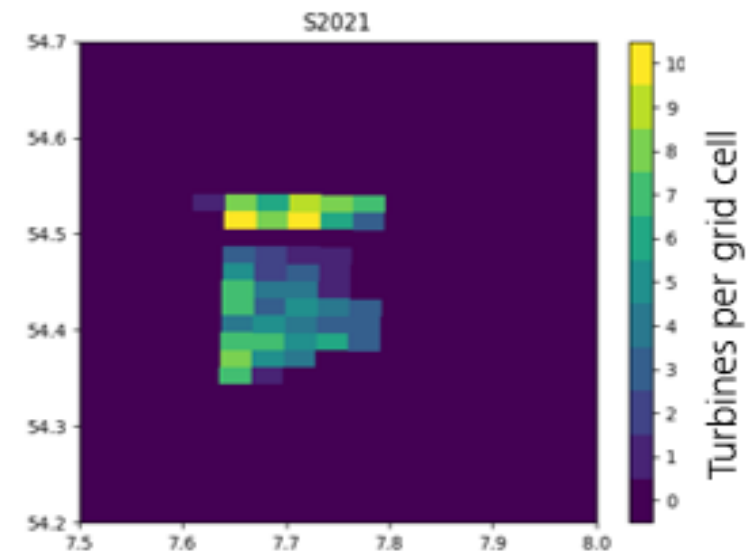
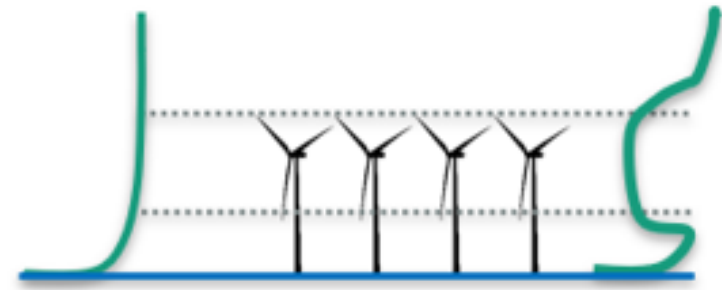
[source: BSH.de]

Methodology

Mesoscale Wake Modelling



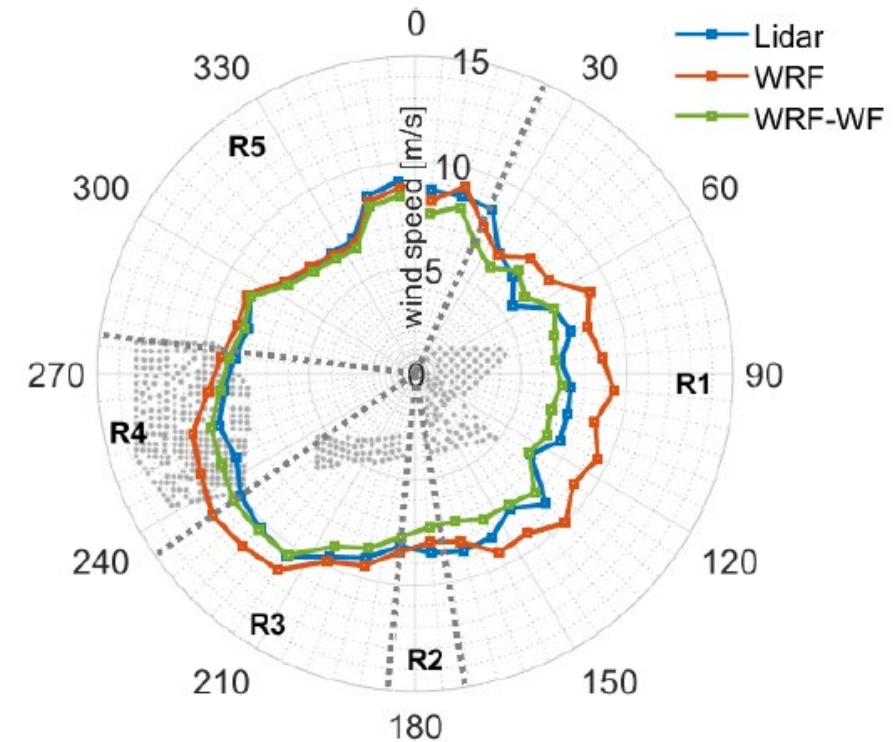
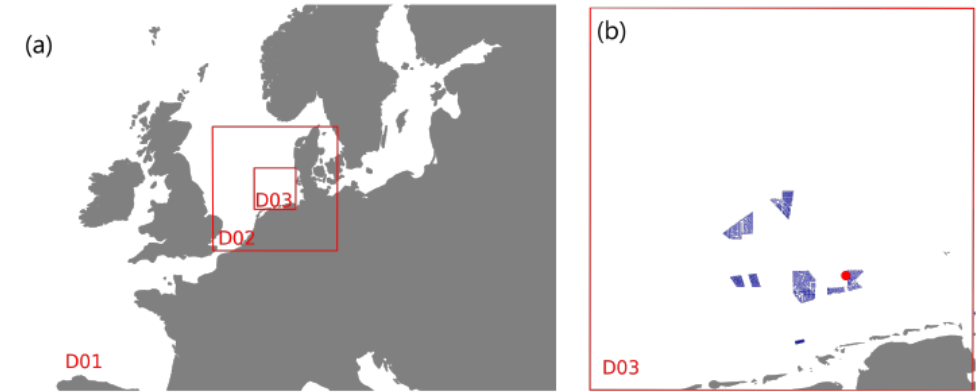
- Weather Research and Forecasting Model (version 4.3.1)
- Driven by ERA5 + OSTIA reanalysis
- Model domain covering whole German Bight area at 2km resolution
- **Fitch wind farm parametrization:**
 - Wind farm effect modelled by **elevated sink of momentum** and **source of turbulence**
 - Older farms: several turbines per grid cell



Model Validation

Scanning Lidar and Mesoscale Model

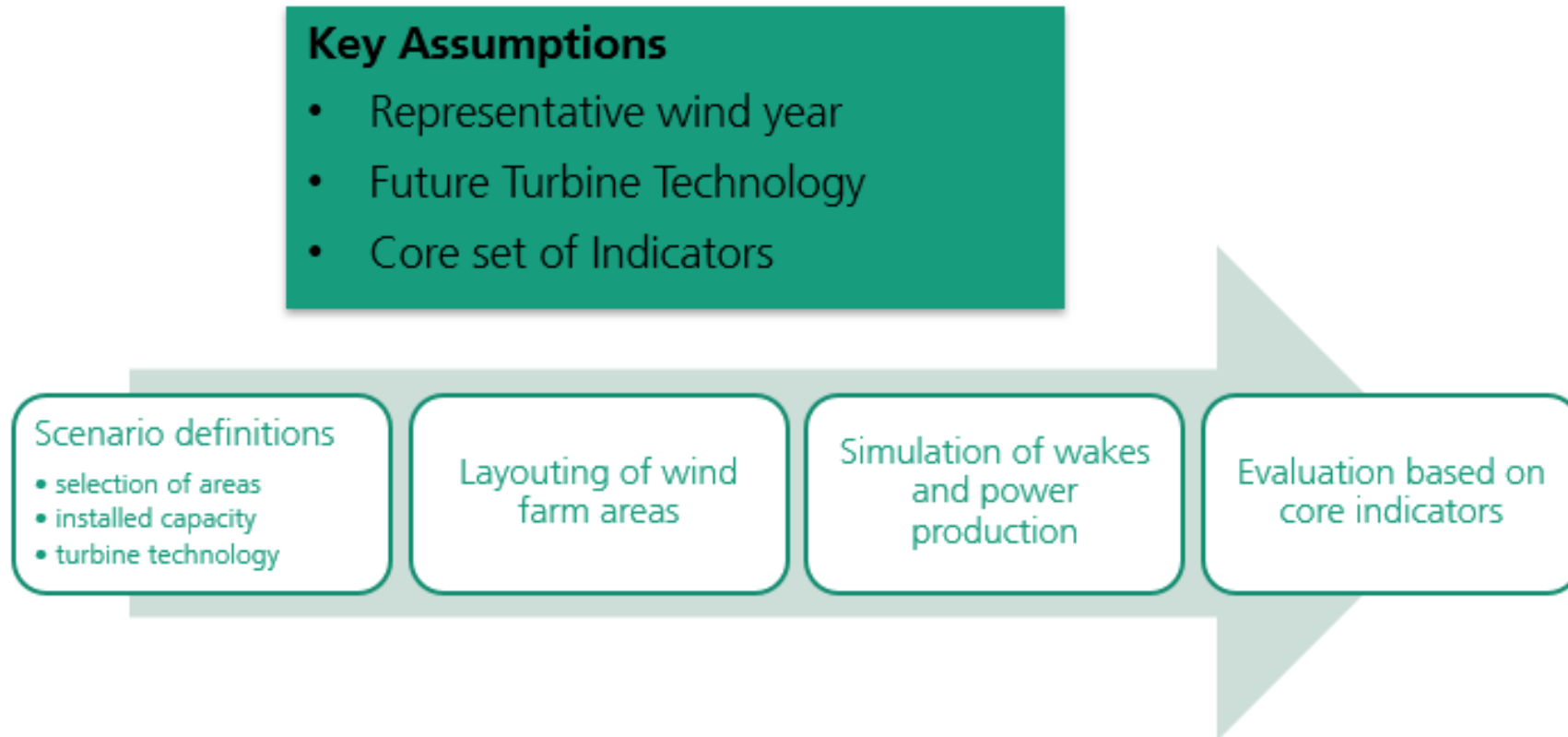
- Scanning lidar measurement campaign at GodeWind
- Duration: 5 months – spring to autumn 2020
- Mesoscale model simulations:
 - WRF (red): without wind farm parametrisation
 - WRF-WF (green): including wind farm parametrisation
- Good agreement when using wind farm parametrisation
- Difference around 2% in wind speed on average
- ▶ Model setup is well suited for cluster wake modelling



[Cañadillas, B et al. Wind Energ. Sci. 2022]

Modelling of the Future Energy Potential

Approach



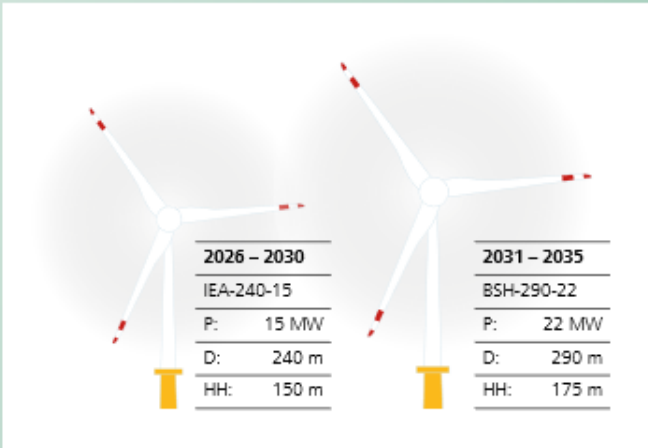
Modelling of the Future Energy Potential

Approach

Turbine Technology

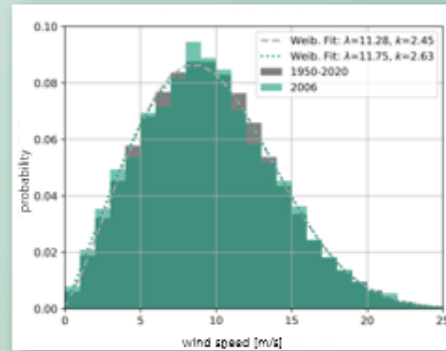
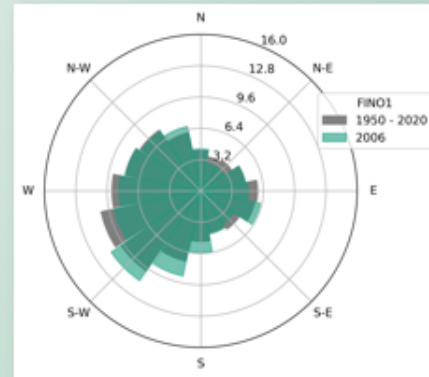
Two technology platforms in the next 15 years

<u>Years</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>HH</u>
2026–2030	15 MW	240 m	150 m
2031–2035	22 MW	290 m	175 m



Wind Conditions

2006 approximates historical wind conditions



Expansion Phases

Comparison of scenarios for the North Sea (BSH consultation includes significantly more scenarios)

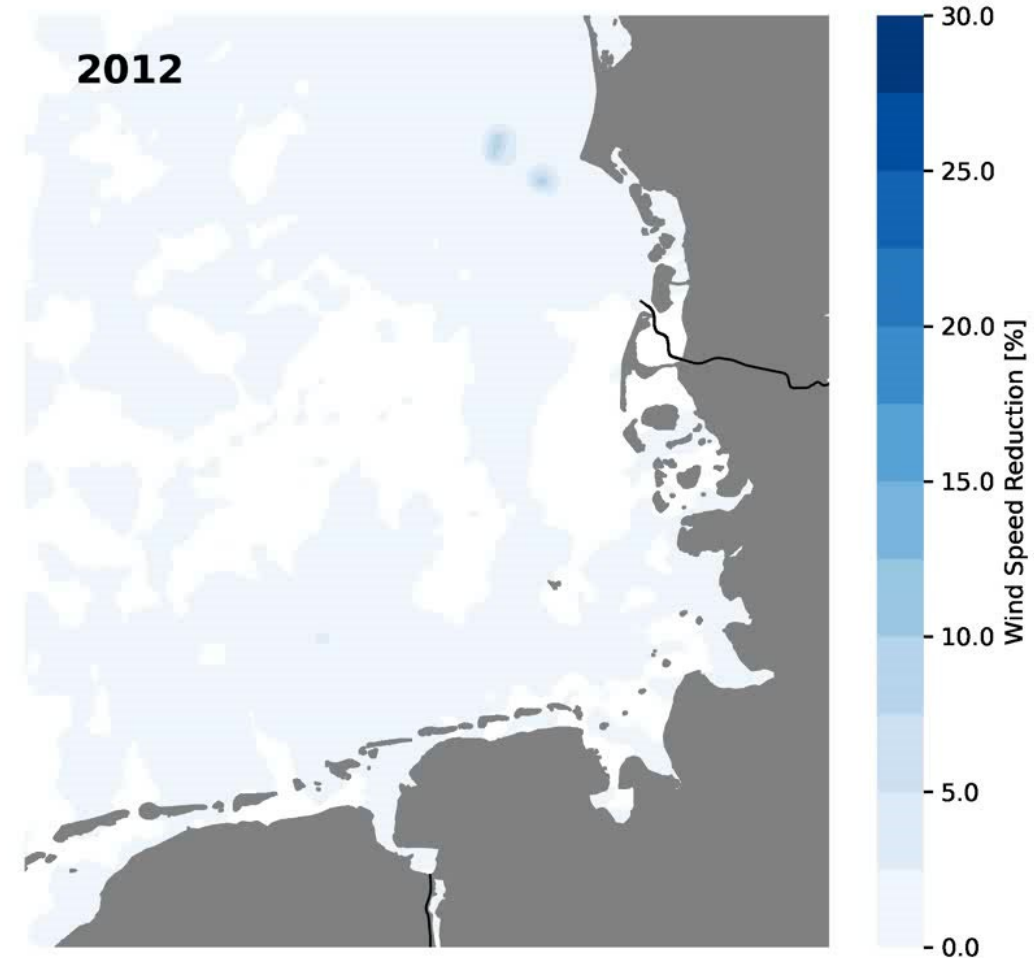


Source: Netzentwicklungsplan

Wind Farm Expansion

Past – 2011-2022

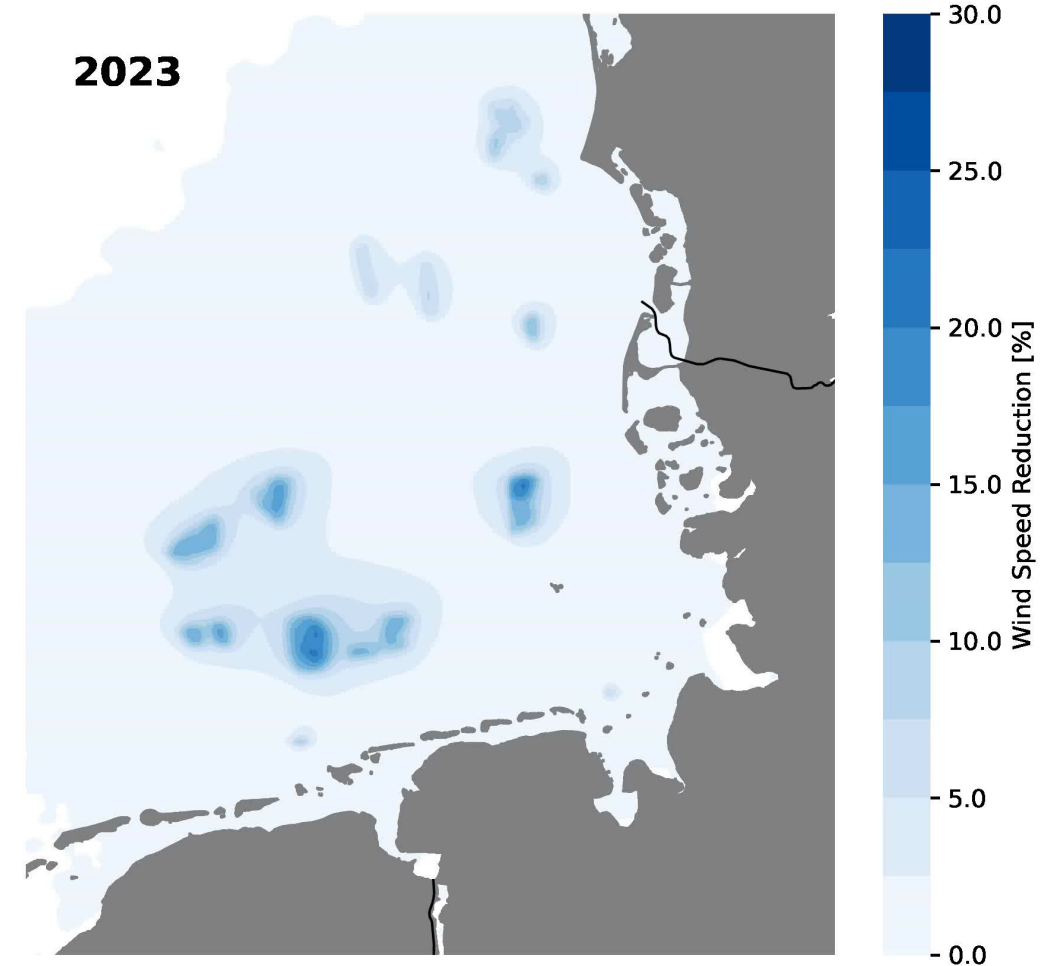
- Mesoscale model simulation **INCLUDING** wakes
- Expansion leads to significant drop in wind conditions inside the wind farm cluster and the vicinity



Wind Farm Expansion

Future – 2023-2030

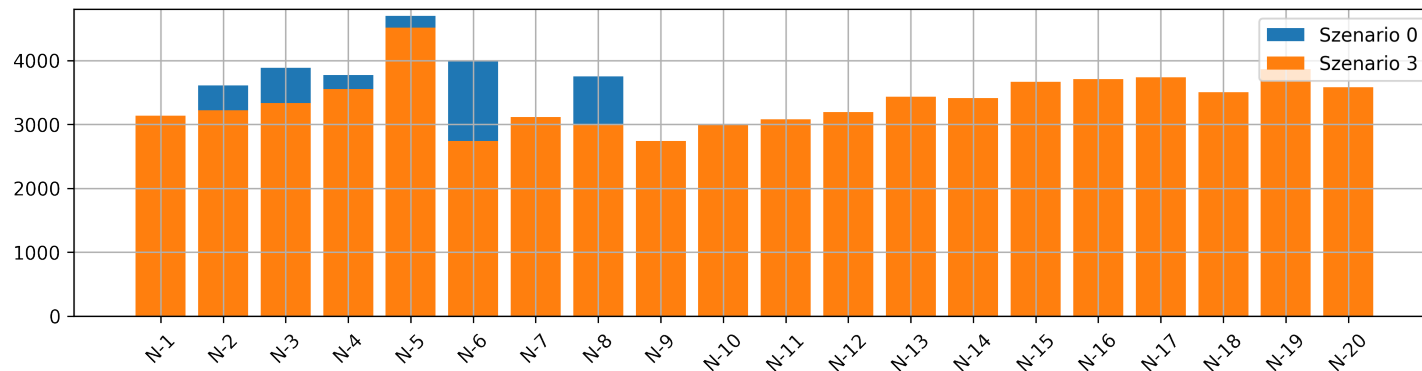
- Mesoscale model simulation **INCLUDING** wakes
- Reference year: 2006 – representative for the climatology
- Future turbine technology (2025-2030): 15 MW – IEA turbine
- Underlying time series data available upon request!



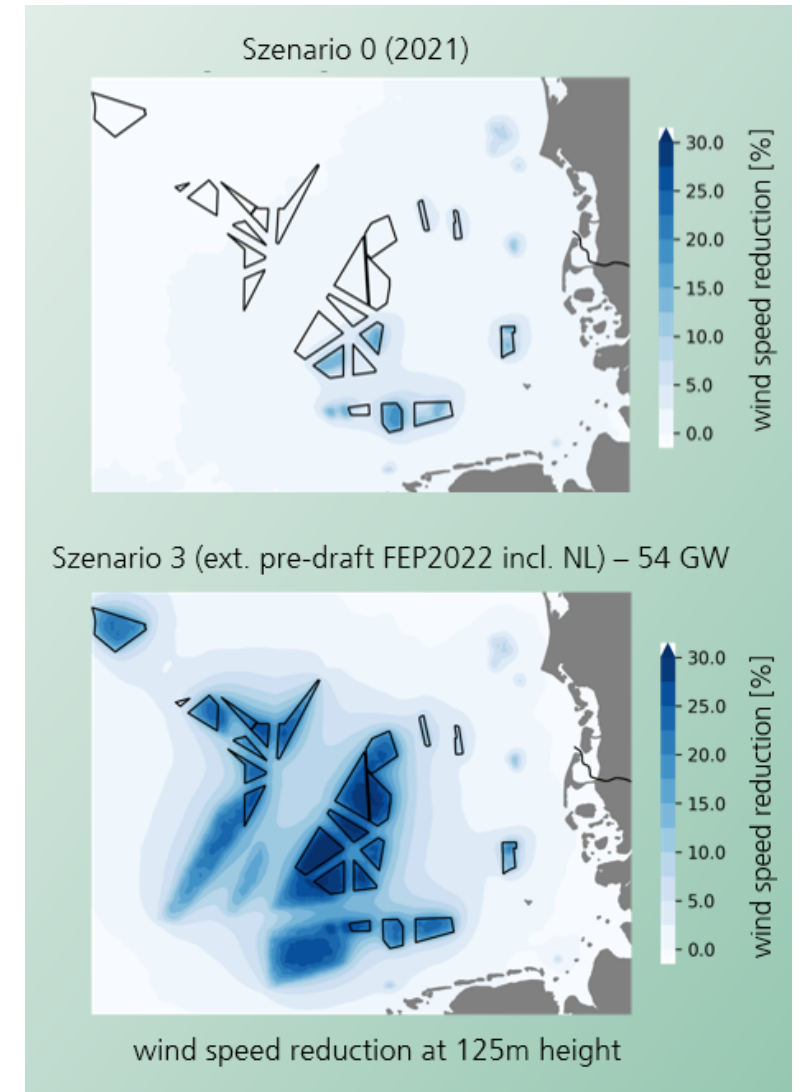
Scenario Results

2021 vs. pre-draft area development plan

- Between 2800 and 4000 full load hours depending on cluster and distance to further expansion areas
- approx. 184 TWh average annual energy yield



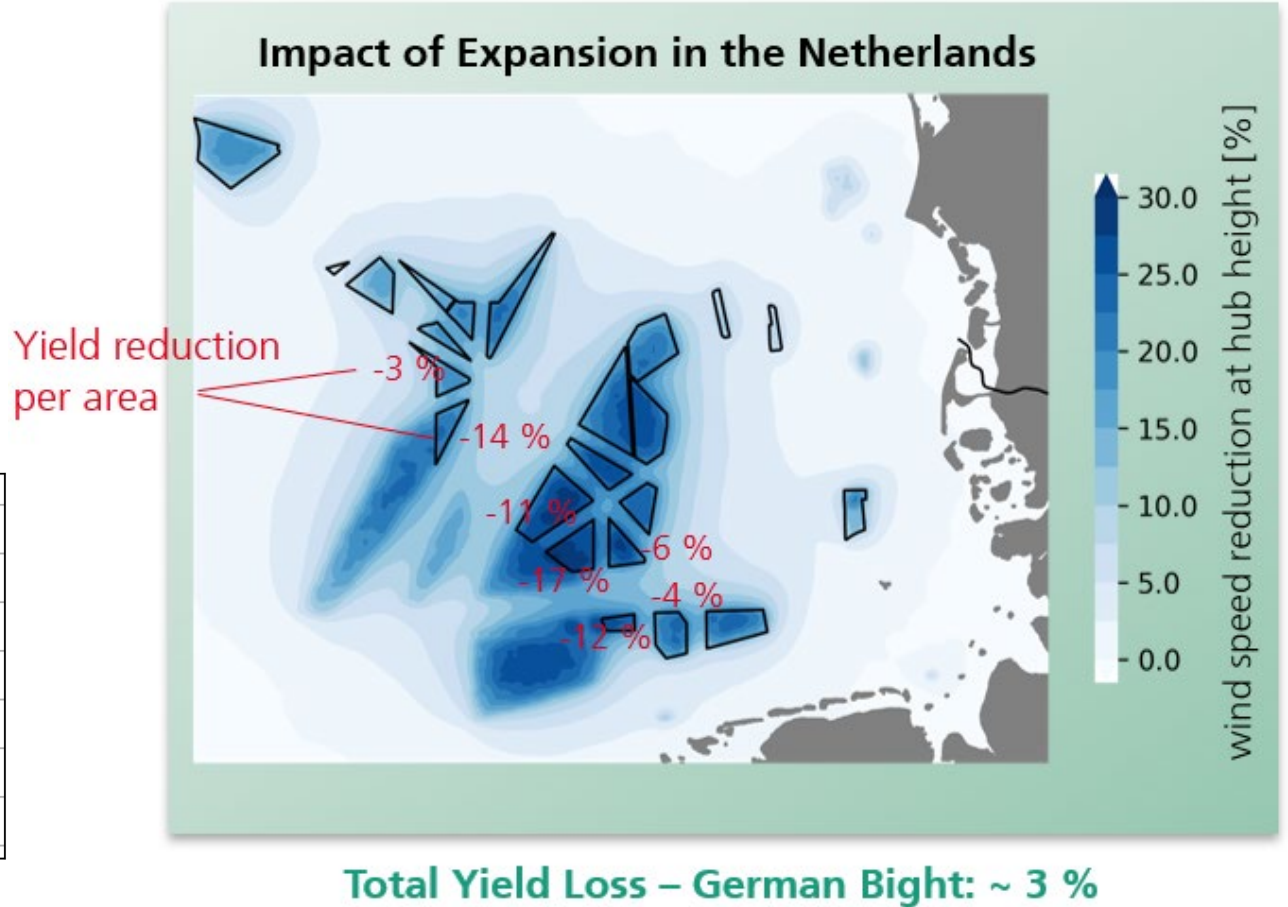
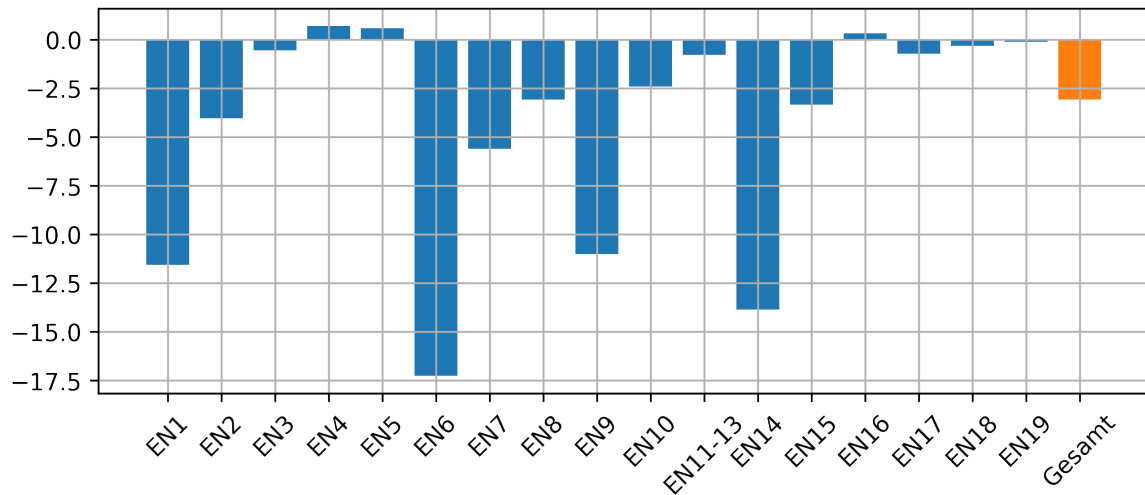
* All yield figures **excluding** electrical losses and other technical losses



Scenario Results

Impact of the Expansion in the Netherlands

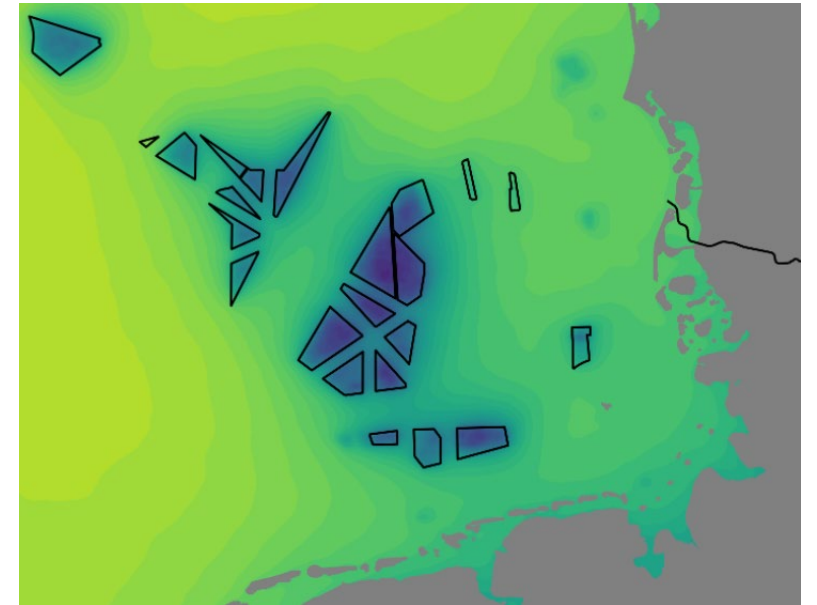
- Based on Dutch *Draft North Sea Programme*: expansion of **26 GW installed capacity in prevailing wind direction** close to EEZ borders
- Strong impact on clusters EN1, EN6, EN9 and EN14



Summary & Outlook

Offshore Wakes and Wind Resource Research

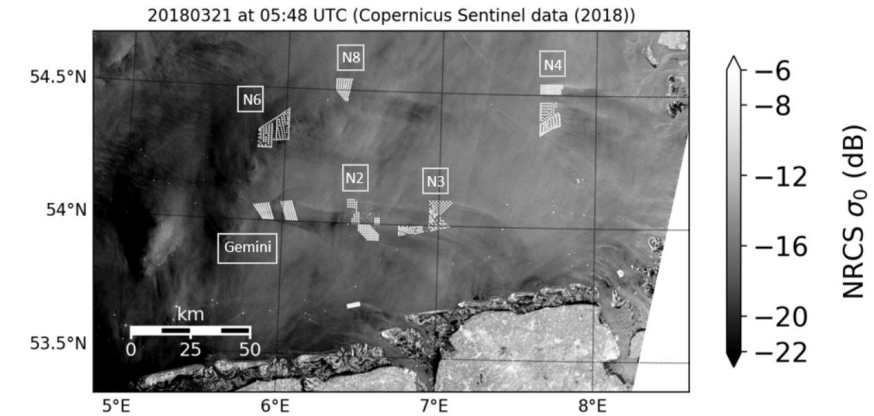
- Developed a workflow to investigate expansion scenarios by means of mesoscale wake modelling
- Yields can be evaluated on individual wind farm sites
- Further scenarios currently being investigated, also with variation of turbine parameters
- X-Wakes delivered the basis in terms of model development and validation



Conclusions

X-Wakes

- Germany has ambitious plans for offshore wind farm expansion, but areas are very limited – need to plan wisely already now
- X-Wakes project focused on improving and validating models and transferring knowledge towards more efficient wind farm operation and planning
- Cross-border planning and joint research between North Sea / Baltic Sea states is extremely important
- Many X-Wakes results are publicly available, several publications in preparation



Acknowledgements

The BSH for providing all necessary information on planning phases for the German Bight area!



BUNDESAMT FÜR
SEESCHIFFFAHRT
UND
HYDROGRAPHIE

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Supported by:



Federal Ministry
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Questions?

Martin Dörenkämper – martin.doerenkaemper@iwes.fraunhofer.de

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