



# Wind-Wave correlation in the German Bight as a logistical planning tool for offshore activities

RAVE online Workshop 2021 - 28.01.2021

M.Sc. Lukas Fröhling Prof. Dr.-Ing. Arndt Hildebrandt

Ludwig-Franzius-Institute for Hydraulic, Estuarine and Coastal Engineering, Leibniz Universität Hannover, www.lufi.uni-hannover.de, froehling@lufi.uni-hannover.de



#### Outline

Wind & wave occurence at FINO1 and FINO3

Correlation of wind and waves

Wind-wave misalignment

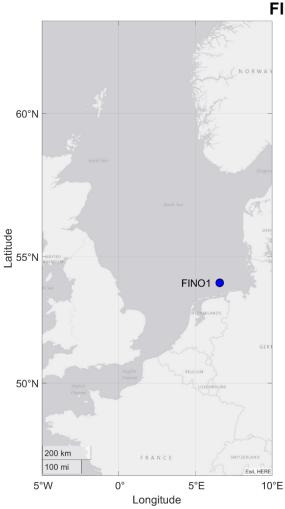
Sea State Portal



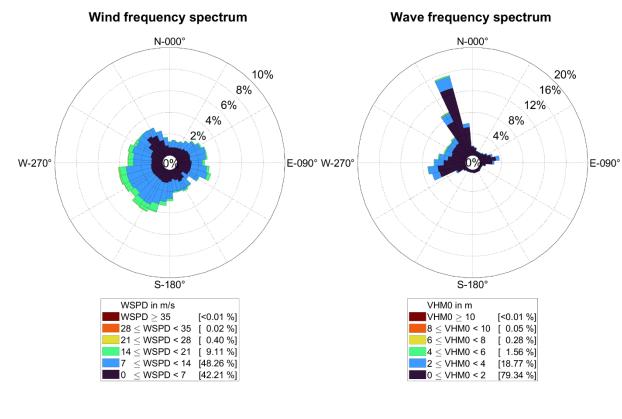


#### FINO 1: Wind-wave occurence

- quality-controlled sea state and wind data
- Directional wave rider buoy (measurements every 30 min)
  - Sign. wave height VHMO
  - Wave direction VPED
- Anemometer & wind vanes
  (measurements every 10 min)
  - mean wind speed WSPD
  - mean wind direction WDIR





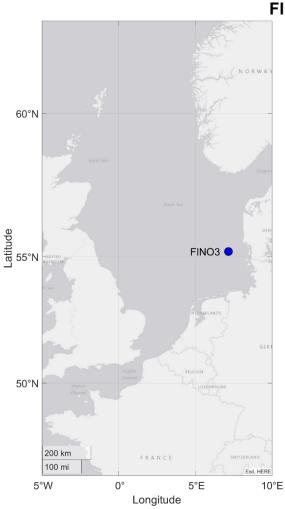




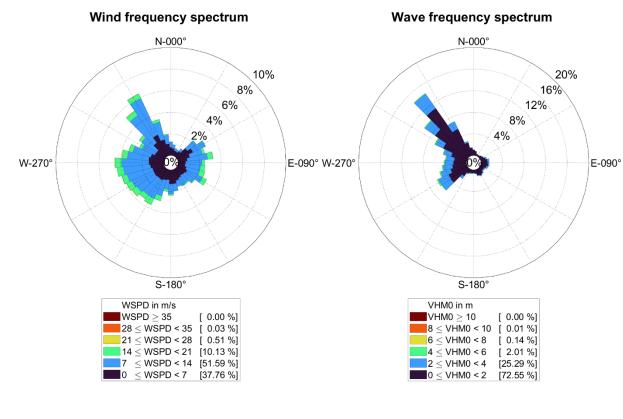


#### FINO 3: Wind-wave occurence

- quality-controlled sea state and wind data
- Directional wave rider buoy (measurements every 30 min)
  - Sign. wave height VHMO
  - Wave direction VPED
- Anemometer & wind vanes (measurements every 10 min)
  - mean wind speed WSPD
  - mean wind direction WDIR









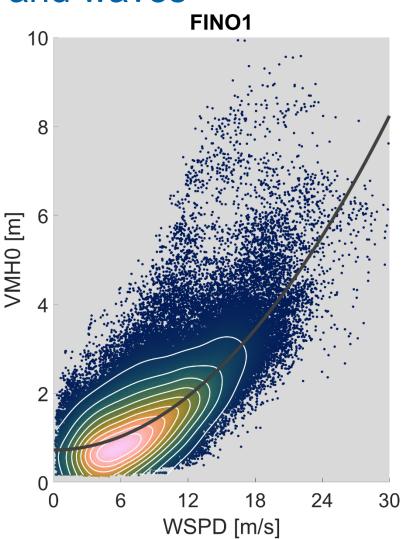


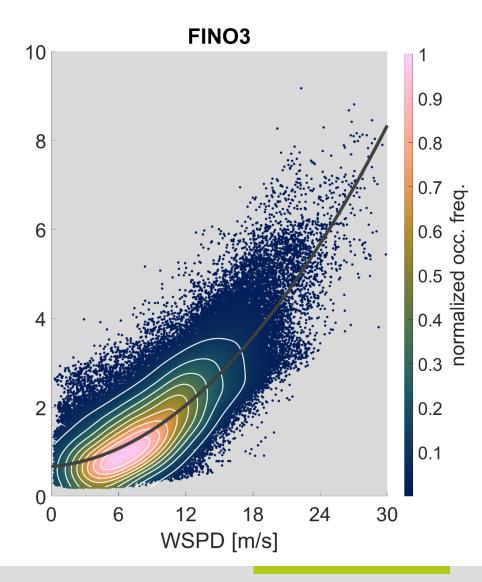
#### Correlation of wind and waves

> 200.000 valid data pairs between 2012-2019 for both sites

 Regression analysis and linear correlation of VHMO and WSPD

VHMO: sign. wave height [m] WSPD: horiz. wind speed [m/s]







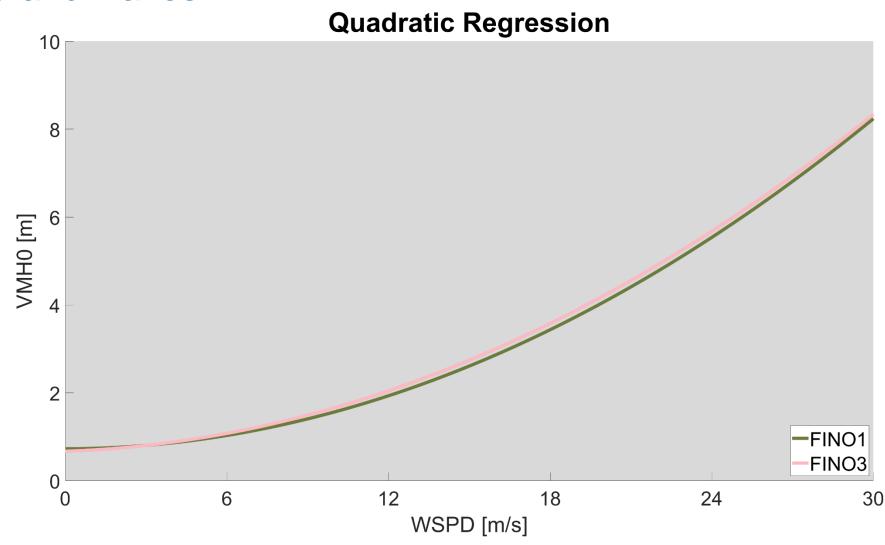


#### Correlation of wind and waves

> 200.000 valid data pairs between 2012-2019 for both sites

 Regression analysis and linear correlation of VHMO and WSPD

<u>VHMO</u>: sign. wave height [m] <u>WSPD</u>: horiz. wind speed [m/s]



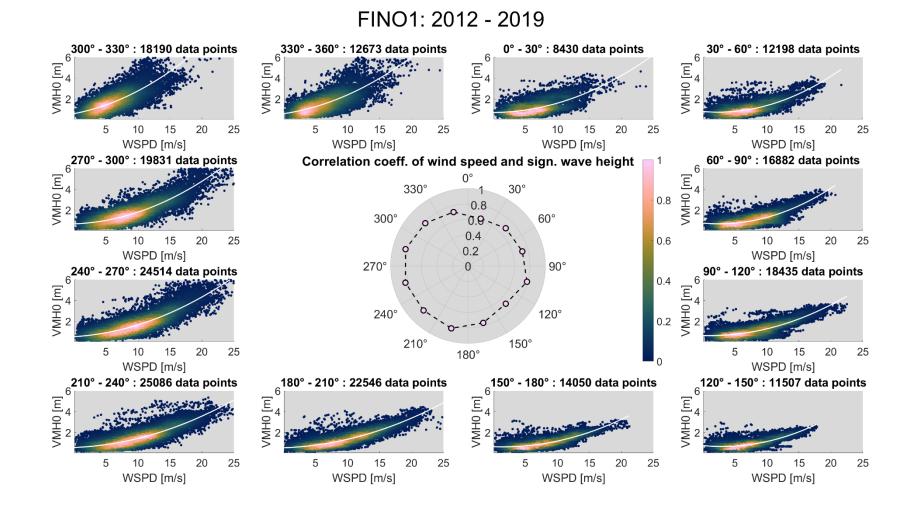




#### FINO 1 – Correlation of wind & waves

 Regression curves and correlation coefficients arranged by 30° sectors

Colorbar indicates
 normalized frequency of
 occurence of wind-wave
 data pairs



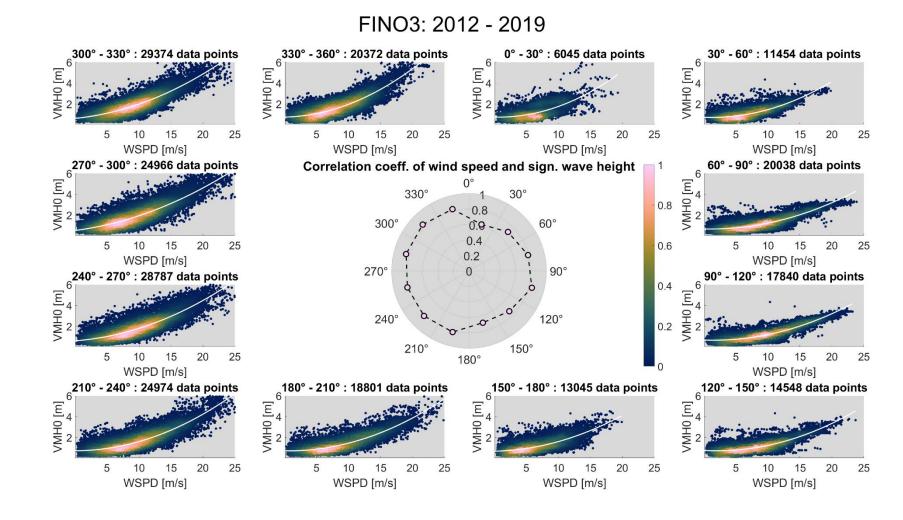




#### FINO 3 – Correlation of wind & waves

 Regression curves and correlation coefficients arranged by 30° sectors

Colorbar indicates
 normalized frequency of
 occurence of wind-wave
 data pairs



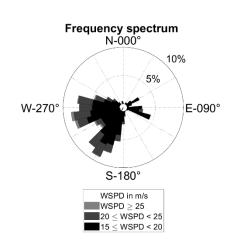


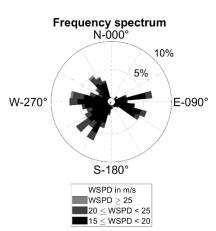


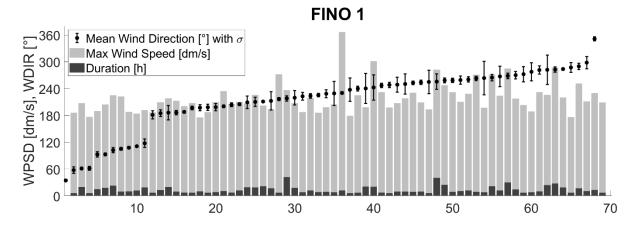
#### Storm events – Definition & occurence

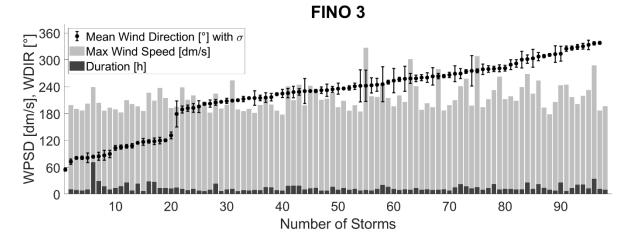
- Definition storm event
  - mean wind speed > 16m/s
  - duration > 6h

- 2012-2019:
  - 69 storm events at FN1
  - 98 storm events at FN3







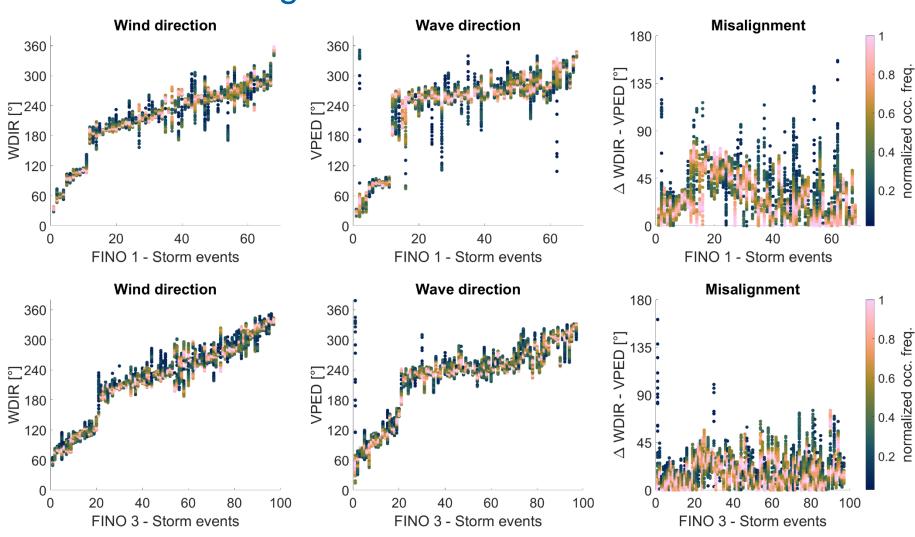






### Storm events – Wind-wave misalignment

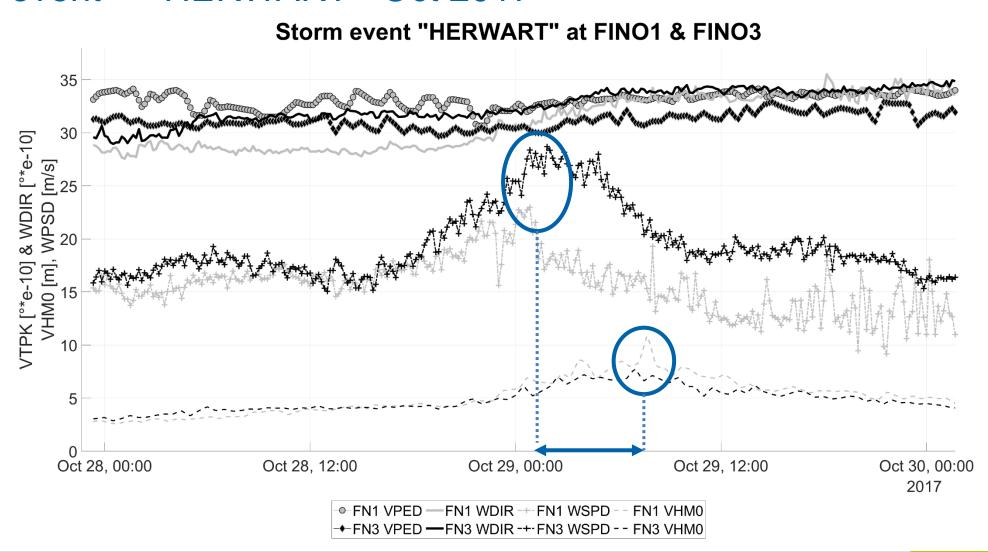
- Storm incidents arranged by increasing mean wind directions versus
  - directional frequency of occurence of wind <u>WDIR</u> (left)
  - wave direction at spectral peak <u>VPED</u> (middle)
  - Misalignment of wind and waves (right)







#### Storm event – «HERWART» Oct 2017





#### Sea State Portal

- Extending the analysis to further sites in the German Bight and link the results
- wave-current interaction
- Optimization of time windows for offshore operations by linking the results with the motion characteristics of generic work vessels
- Implementation and automatization as modules into the Sea State Portal



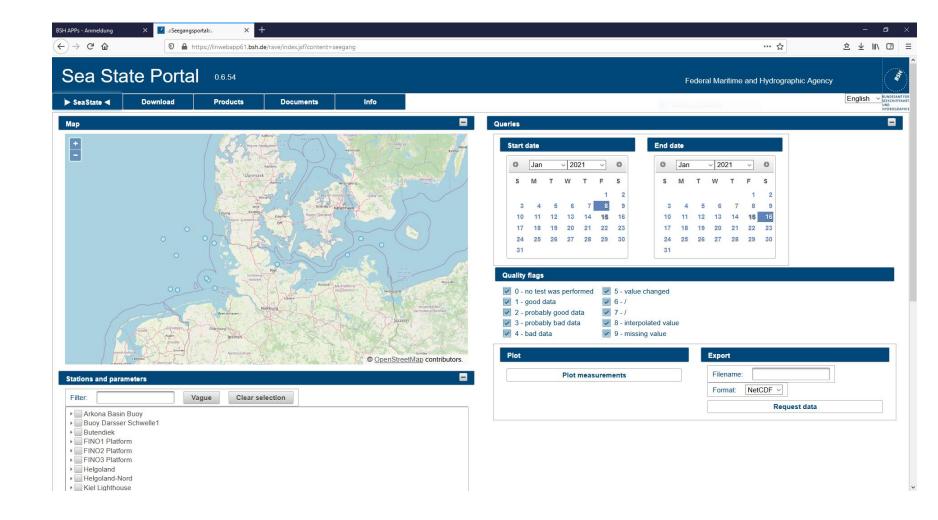




#### Sea State Portal

- Going live on <u>31.01.2021</u>
- Public access to a comprehensive, qualitycontrolled sea state database
- Real-time data and application-oriented sea state plots and analyses

Contact: seegangsportal@bsh.de



RAVE online Workshop 2021 | Lukas Fröhling



#### Conclusions & Outlook

Wind-wave correlation of 8-year database at FINO1 & FINO3

Wind-wave misalignment of storm incidents

Develope analytical approaches to describe site dependent wind-wave dependencies

Implement results as modules in Sea State Portal







## Thank you!

Supported by:





on the basis of a decision by the German Bundestag

RAVE online Workshop 2021 | Lukas Fröhling Slide 15